

2018 Non-Operator Landowner Survey

Justification

Farmers and ranchers, who own and operate about 61% of U.S. agricultural land, can be leaders in enhancing environment benefits while improving their productivity. But who manages the other 39% of the land and how do we reach them? What barriers do farmers face when they want to implement conservation on their rented lands? Can outreach to landowners help?

Most (80%) of the rented land is owned by non-operating landowners (20% is owned by "operators" – farmers & ranchers). Researchers know surprisingly little about the nearly 2 million non-operating landowners. They are a diverse group that includes retired farmers, farm widows, children and grandchildren who have inherited farms. Many of these landowners do not live near their farms. They can be generations removed from farming the land they own, with less knowledge of the operations. But does less farming knowledge mean they don't care? For many, their land has been in the family for multiple generations – a point of great pride.

And we know more change is coming—over the next twenty years, about 371 million acres of farmland (41% of American farmland) are expected to change hands as aging farmers retire or leave their land to the next generation and women and non-farming landlords increase in numbers.

Long-term investment in land health is in the best interest of the landowner but may not be the best use of the renter's time and finances — although both need the land to be profitable. The most beneficial practices are those that regenerate and rebuild life in the soil. Improved soil health makes the land more resilient to flooding and drought, reduces reliance on chemical inputs and increases profit margins over time. However, soil health practices like conservation tillage and cover crops require long-term investment and patience before more productive soils and greater profits are realized. Many non-operating landowners are unfamiliar with these practices or may not be in a position to discuss long term goals with their operators. Farmers who rent land may be interested in new conservation practices but are deterred from adopting them due to short-term leases that don't provide security to the farmer. This dynamic can lead to a lack of investment in the practices that can improve the long-term productivity and resiliency of the land and ultimately lead to more soil erosion and runoff of nutrients.

Despite their growing importance, we know very little about non-operating landowners and more importantly, even less about how best to reach, engage and motivate them. Limited research indicates that there may be a linkage between rented land and lack of conservation practices on the land, which results in detrimental environmental impacts. One survey found that 65% of absentee landowners rely on their farm operator or someone else to make decisions on permanent conservation practices. Also, nearly 80% of absentee landowners reported that they spent less than \$15,000 on conservation practices over the *past 10 years*. Even more troubling, some of the areas with the highest rates of rental land align with those experiencing high rates of nutrient losses.

But the potential for positive change is great! Surveys indicate landowners may want more conservation on their land but don't know how to approach their operators or access resources that could help pay for improvements. They often find it hard to communicate their desires for conserving and improving their land to the farmers who rent their land, feeling they lack the

knowledge or authority to talk with their farmer. On the other hand, farmers indicate that they implement more conservation practices on their own land than the land they rent. This is a lose-lose situation that can be turned around!

AFT's work with non-operating landowners has identified a variety of factors that may contribute to fewer conservation practices on rented lands. They include the short-term nature of many leases, lack of knowledge, the absence of landowners in conservation decisions, ineffective communications, insufficient soil health metrics, and an inability to share the cost or risk of investments. We need to better understand landlords and operators and how they interact to develop new solutions to overcome these barriers. Involving landowners in improving soil health may be the one of the most important factors in the rapid adoption of new management practices.

The Survey

Background: The AFT survey was developed in 2013-2014 by the Non-Operating Landowner National Survey Work Group. This group consists of researchers, practitioners and policy makers involved in working with and/or researching non-operating landowners (see Appendix A for list of individuals and affiliations). The base of the survey was built from previous surveys of absentee landowners conducted by Agren, Inc. in the Great Lakes Region in 2007, and Dr. Petrzelka, conducted by USU (administered by NASS) in Utah in 2010.

After the work group finalized the survey draft, it was pilot tested with 50 Women Non-Operating Landowners (WNOLs) in 7 of the USDA Production Regions. Petrzelka convened focus groups in North Dakota, Minnesota, Connecticut, Louisiana, Texas, Virginia, and Indiana. Once feedback was collected, the survey was revised. After consulting with USDA NASS, AFT expanded the survey to include both male and female landowners.

Survey content: The survey will identify the best way(s) to assist non-operating landowners (NOLs) in promoting and undertaking a more environmentally friendly approach to production on their leased lands. These findings will help policy-makers, natural resource agencies, and conservation groups understand how best to work with non-operating landowners to achieve more effective resource management of rented lands. The research goals listed below are designed to enable more effective outreach to this important audience:

- Learn more about NOLs in general (age, distance from land, gender, familiarity with farming)
- Identify ways in which to overcome barriers to resource management decision-making and implementation.
- Increase understanding of the agricultural land protection decision-making processes of NOLs.
- Use the information gained to improve incentive mechanisms and policies aimed at promoting resource conservation.

Focal States: AFT plans to survey 10 states in 2018. Although we are primarily focused on those states with the largest amount of rented lands, we also looked at other factors such as sampling a variety of USDA production regions and areas with farmland most at risk to conversion to development. The 10 states to be surveyed are:

- Illinois, Indiana and Iowa (to be surveyed first, beginning in February 2018)
- Arkansas, California, Kansas, North Carolina, Texas, Washington, and Ohio (to be surveyed later in 2018)

With additional funds, we would like to add: New York; Florida or Kentucky; Pennsylvania; Maryland or Virginia; and Mississippi, Louisiana, or Georgia.

Preliminary findings will be available by August 2018.

Sampling Methodology: AFT purchased non-operator landowner lists from Farm Market ID (FMID)¹. FMID has "Owner" lists that do not include anyone who is an "Operator." Thus, the list only contains non-operating landowners. Lists are double-checked using Core Logic along with deed searches. The individuals on the purchased list are considered (through FMID's analysis) to be the primary decision maker. FMID looks at all activity for all people associated with the farm household including information and historical producer codes provided by USDA. Additionally, they bring in land ownership data, email activity and transactional history.

For this study, FMID pulled a list of 1,000 NOLs who own land in each of the 3 initial states (Iowa, Illinois, Indiana). For each state, 500 male and 500 female landowners who own 25 acres of farmland or more in the respective state (with an acre range of low to high amounts of acres) were pulled. Names reflect owners and not operators, and the list contains owners of land that is distributed throughout the respective state. Names pulled were from all NOLs who own land in the respective state, no matter where they live (in the state or out). In addition, trusts were eliminated.

Support and Acknowledgements

American Farmland Trust gratefully acknowledges funding and technical support from The Nature Conservancy; funding support from Rachel's Network; and technical support from the work group (Appendix A).

American Farmland Trust

For over 30 years, the mission of American Farmland Trust has been to protect farmland, promote sound farming practices, and keep farmers on the land. **AFT is a leader** in working side-by-side with farmers and landowners to accelerate adoption of conservation practices. Women landowners often take a long view of their land and overwhelmingly support policies and programs that encourage new farmers, provide incentives for better conservation practices and protect farmland. These attributes make women ideal partners in conservation and farmland protection. **AFT's Women for the Land initiative** is helping to make that happen.

Visit <u>www.farmland.org/initiatives/womenlandowners</u> or contact Jennifer Filipiak, Midwest Director at <u>jfilipiak@farmland.org</u> or (515)868-1331.

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¹ More information at: http://www.farmmarketid.com/data/

Appendix A: Non-Operating Landowner National Survey Work Group

Dr. Ann Sorensen, Research Director, American Farmland Trust

Dr. Peggy Petrzelka, Professor of Sociology, Utah State University

Dr. Mike Duffy, Professor Emeritus of Economics, Iowa State University

Leigh Adcock, former Executive Director, Women, Food and Agriculture Network

Jamie Ridgely, President and COO, Agren, Inc.

Cindy Nickerson, formerly of the USDA Economic Research Service

Kathy Ruhf, former Executive Director, Land for Good.

Ed Cox, formerly of the Drake University Agricultural Law School

Dr. Nelson Bills, Professor Emeritus of Applied Economics and Management, Cornell University

Dr. Larry Redmon, Professor & State Forage Specialist, Texas A&M

Ginger Harris, Demographer and statistician, USDA NASS

Jim Ferrell, President and CEO, Farmers National Company

Jennifer Dempsey, Director of Farmland Information Center, American Farmland Trust

Dr. J. Arbuckle, Associate Professor of Sociology, Iowa State University

Appendix B: Agricultural Landowner Survey, © 2018 American Farmland Trust

The questions crafted in this survey come from invaluable input from our Non-Operating Landowner Committee, as well as previous work done by Agren, Inc. Iowa State University Sociology Extension, and Purdue University Natural Resources Social Science Lab.

Agricultural Landowner Survey



Please answer all the questions. If you wish to comment on any question or qualify your answers, feel free to use the space in the margins. Complete the questionnaire by putting an X in the appropriate boxes or writing in the blanks provided. Thank you for your time and information!

Please check the scenario below that <u>best</u> describes your agricultural land ownership situation.

Q1.	On the agricultural land that I own
	I am a landowner and I lease out some or all of the land to a farm or ranch operator. (Goto Q2)
	I am a landowner and I lease out some or all of the land to a land management firm. (Go to Q2)
	I am a landowner and farm some of the land myself, as well as lease out some of the land to a farm or ranch operator. <i>(Go to Q2)</i>
	I operate the entire land myself as a farm or ranch. (Please return the survey in the enclosed self addressed stamped envelope. Thank you for your time.)
	My land is not actively farmed at present. (Please return the survey in the enclosed self addressed stamped envelope. Thank you for your time.)
Q2.	In 2017, how many acres of farmland did you own?
Q3.	In 2017, how many acres of farmland did you rent out?
Q4.	How much experience have you (and your spouse, if applicable) had with farming? (Check the answer that best applies to your situation)
	I/we have operated a farm I/we helped our parents farm I/we helped another relative farm I/we have worked on a non-relative's farm Neither I nor my spouse (if any) have ever farmed

Q5	Which (if any) of your relatives or ancestors have ever farmed? (Check all that apply)
	My parents
	My spouse's parents
	My and/or my spouse's <u>aunts or uncles</u>
	My and/or my spouse's grandparents
	Our great-grandparents' generation or earlier
	Neither my nor my spouse's ancestors have ever farmed
	Not sure
For	r the rest of the survey, <u>if you own more than one piece of farmland</u> , please think of your LARGEST PARCEL
OF	LAND that you lease out when answering the survey.
Q6.	Do you live on this parcel of land?
	YES - (If Yes, Skip to Q9)
	NO - (If No, Continue to Q7)
Q7.	How many miles do you live from this parcel of land?
Q8.	On average, how often do you visit this parcel to check the condition of the land? (Check one box)
QO.	
	At least once a week
	☐ Monthly
	Multiple times a year
	Once a year
	Rarely (less than once a year)
Q9.	How long has this parcel of land been owned by you or someone in your family? (Check one box)
Qυ.	
	Less than 10 years
	10-30 years
	31-70 years
	71-120 years
	More than 120 years
Q10.	How did you acquire the parcel of land? (Check all that apply)
	Purchased
	☐ Inherited
	Marriage or Divorce
	Other (Please Specify)

Q11.	Do you own the land with others?	
	NO (If No, Skip to Q13)	
	If YES , How many others?	ontinue to Q12)
	ii 123, How many others:	
Q12.	Which of the following describes your	co-owner(s)? (Check all that apply)
	Parent(s) Child(ren) Sibling(s) Spouse/Partner	Other relatives (cousin, niece/nephew, grandparent, aunt/uncle) Non-relatives Other
Q13.	Who is the <u>primary</u> decision maker for (Check one box)	land management decisions made on this parcel of land?
	MyselfChild(ren)Sibling(s)Spouse/partnerParent(s)	Family Corporation or Partnership Other relatives (cousin, niece/nephew, grandparent, aunt, uncle) Non-relatives Farm operation I/we rent land to Farm Management Company
Q14.	Check all activities that are done on the Crop Production Forestry/timber production Grazing/rangeland Drilling and/or mining for oil/gas Recreational activities (e.g. hunting, None of the above	nis land. (Check all that apply) fishing, all terrain vehicle activity, hiking, bird watching, horseback riding)
Q15.	Crop Production Forestry/timber production Grazing/rangeland Drilling and/or mining for oil/gas	stion 14 that is done <i>most often</i> on the land you lease to an operator. fishing, all terrain vehicle activity, hiking, bird watching, horseback riding)

The next series of questions ask about conservation activities and decision-making. By "conservation" we mean: practices that conserve or improve soil, water, air quality or benefit native species or wildlife habitat such as conservation tillage, cover crops, rotational grazing, buffers or native plantings, etc.

Q16.	Federal and state agencies and private orga conservation practices on their land. Thinki or received financial or technical support fo years? (Check one box in each row)	ing of the large	est parcel of	land you lea	ase out,	have yo	ou enrolled
					Yes	No	Don't Know
	Participated in land set-aside programs, like CF WRP (Wetland Reserve Program).	RP (Conservatio	n Reserve Pı	rogram) or			
	Participated in cost-share programs, like EQIP Program) or CSP (Conservation Stewardship P implementing conservation practices.						
	Received conservation practice technical assist Conservation Service) or SWCD (Soil and Water parcel.						
	Developed or updated a conservation plan for the	his parcel.					
	Received income from a sale of conservation e	asements on th	is parcel.				
	Received payments, and/or other assistance widon't recall the program's name.	th conservation	on this parce	el, but l			
	Other (Please specify)						
Q17.	Please indicate your responses to the follow decisions about my land I consider: (Check or			owner, wher	n making	mana	gement
	decisions about my land i consider. (Oneok on	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agre	ee	Strongly Agree
	The neighboring landowners						
	The surrounding community(ies)]	
	Endangered species						
	Wildlife habitats						
	Biodiversity						
	Water quality						
Q18.							
	Please indicate your responses to the follow decisions about my land I consider: (Check on		s. <u>As a land</u>	owner, wher	n making	ı mana	gement
		e box in each row) Strongly					Strongly
		e box in each row)	s. <u>As a land</u> Disagree	owner, wher	n making Agre		
	decisions about my land I consider: (Check on	e box in each row) Strongly					Strongly
	decisions about my land I consider: (Check on Soil quality	e box in each row) Strongly					Strongly
	decisions about my land I consider: (Check on Soil quality Need for income from the land	e box in each row) Strongly					Strongly
	Soil quality Need for income from the land Needs of the farm operator leasing my land	e box in each row) Strongly					Strongly

The next set of questions ask about the operator to whom you rent your largest parcel of land.

Q19.	What type of lease agreement do you have with your operator? (Check one box)
	Cash rent agreement with payment a fixed cash amount
	Cash rent agreement with payment a flexible cash amount
	Crop share agreement
	Both cash rent and crop share agreement
	Rent free
	Other (Please Specify)
Q20.	Is the lease agreement you have with your operator: (Check one box)
	Written
	Verbal
	Other (Please Specify)
Q21.	What is the duration of the lease term? (Check one box)
	Year to year
	Every two year basis
	Every three year basis
	Other (Please Specify)
Q22.	What conservation practices do you have in your lease? (Check all that apply or select "None") None Cover Crops Conservation tillage Nutrient Management Other (Please Specify)
Q23.	Which <u>best</u> describes your relationship to the person who is farming your land? (Check one box)
	Family member
	Friend of family
	A person who is neither a relative nor friend of the family
	Other (Please Specify)
Q24.	Is the operator you lease your largest parcel of land to male or female? (Check one box)
	☐ Male
	Female
Q25.	How many years has the above person leased land from you/your family?

Q26.	In 2017, how many times did you commun (approximately)	icate with yo	ur opera	tor about f	arming?		
Q27.	In 2017, how many times did you commun issues? (approximately)	icate with yo	ur opera	tor <u>regardi</u>	ng consei	rvation	
Q28.	Who is <u>primarily responsible</u> for making e land you lease out? (Check one box in each row)		lowing t	ypes of de	cisions or	the largest	parcel of
	Tand you least out: (Oneth one box in each row)					Outside	
			My opera	tor & I		consultant or management	
		My operator	togeth		am	company	Not applicable
	Crop inputs (e.g. fertilizer, seed, chemicals)						
	Tillage practices						
	Crop varieties/rotations						
	Conservation practices used or not used						
	Maintain & repair fences						
	Livestock decisions (e.g. stocking rate, rotational grazing)						
Q29.	How important are the following qualities	when evalua	ting your	current o	potential	farm opera	tors?
	(Check one box in each row)			Not at All	Slightly	Somewha	at Verv
				Important	Importan		
	Trustworthiness						
	Ability to maintain soil productivity						
	Reliability in paying rent on time						
	Reputation as a good farmer						
	Ability to avoid soil erosion						
	Amount of rent they will pay per acre						
	Ability to avoid contaminating waterways (che etc.)	emicals, nutrie	nts,				
Q30.	How important are the following qualities	when evalua	ting your	current o	potential	farm opera	tors?
	(Check one box in each row)			Not at All	Slightly	Somewha	at Very
				Important	Importan		
	The length of time they (or their family) have	rented from m	y family				
	Ability to maintain wildlife habitat						
	That I like them as a person						
	That they care about me						
	That they care about my land						
	That they are financially responsible						
	That they are a good communicator						

Q31.	Please indicate your level of agreement with these statements.	(Check one	box in each	row)		
		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agree	Strongly Agree
	I don't have enough time to be directly involved in decision making regarding management on my land.					
	I don't know enough about farming to participate in many decisions regarding management of my land.					
	I am committed to my operator's continuation as a renter of my land					
	I am comfortable extending the length of my operator's lease to facilitate implementation of conservation practices on my land.					
	I am comfortable asking my operator to use certain conservation practices on my land.					
	I am comfortable asking my operator to amend or make an addendum to our lease requiring conservation practices.					
	I worry that discussion of conservation on my farmland might upset my operator.					
Q32.	Please indicate your level of agreement with these statements.		box in each	row)		
		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Uncertain	Agree	Strongly Agree
	I worry that discussion of conversation on my farmland might upset my family.					
	I trust my operator to make good conservation decisions.					
	It is difficult to find information about government conservation programs.					
	Enough soil and water conservation practices have been implemented on my leased land already.					
	I would be willing to include a lease provision that requires my operator to prepare and comply with a Conservation Plan provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).					
	I would be willing to include a lease provision that requires my operator to implement soil erosion control practices to conserve/improve soil health.					
	I would be willing to include lease provisions relating to specific conservation practices (e.g. grassed waterways, no-till, adaptive nutrient management, cover crops, filter strips and wildlife habitat).					
Q33.	How much do each of the following factors limit your ability to practices on the property you rent out? (Check one box in each row)	implemen	t soil and	d water co	nservat	ion
	N	ot at all a		Moderate S		_
		limiting factor	limiting factor	limiting factor	limiting factor	Don't know
	Practices do not improve the profitability of my land					
	My renter's out of pocket expense (i.e. ability to afford it)					
	A weak farm economy					
	A strong farm economy					

W34.	practices on the property you rent out? (Check one box in each row		nt son a	na water (conservation	оп
	property , just term carrie (emonitore about modern form)	Not at all a limiting factor	Slight limiting factor	Moderate limiting factor	Significant limiting factor	Don't know
	I feel conservation "best practices" limit my ability to maximize production.					
	I'm not satisfied with the assistance available from my local conservation agency.					
	I don't see enough of a need on my farm that it has been a priority.					
005	Harrison by the state of the fall and a factor of the fall and the state of the sta					
Q35.	How much do each of the following factors limit your ability t practices on the property you rent out? (Check one box in each row)		nt soll a	nd water o	conservation	on
		Not at all a limiting factor	Slight limiting factor	Moderate limiting factor	Significant limiting factor	Don't know
	My own physical abilities.					
	My lack of familiarity with conservation practices.					
	My renter's lack of familiarity with conservation practices.					
	Lack of having access to the equipment I or my renter need to implement conservation practices.					
	Lack of available information about a practice.					
	No one else I know is implementing the practice.					
	I'm not convinced they provide environmental benefits.					
Q36.	How much do each of the following factors limit your ability t practices on the property you rent out? (Check one box in each row		nt soil a	nd water o	conservati	on
		Not at all a limiting factor	Slight limiting factor	Moderate limiting factor	Significant limiting factor	Don't know
	I worry about disapproval from my neighbors.					
	Concerns that conservation practices would decrease the value of my farmland.	f				
	Too much work and time to implement and maintain conservation practices.					
	Lack of government funds for cost share.					
	Don't want to participate in government programs.					
	Too many requirements or restrictions associated with government conservation programs.					
	Concerns that conservation practices will interfere with my ability to change land management practices as conditions warrant.					

	Inform	ation	Activities	and Sources
ı		anon		and Oddices

Q37.	Please indicate how interested you would be in the following	activities. (Cf	neck one box i	in each row)	
		Not at All Interested	Somewhat Interested	Interested	Very Interested
	Having access to educational materials developed expressly for non-operating landowners like you.				
	Having access to leasing tools that better account for costs, benefits and timelines of implementing conservation practices.				
	Working with a private business that specializes in providing conservation services targeted to non-operating land owners.				
	Working with a government agency in providing conservation services targeted to non-operating landowners.				
	Belonging to a network of non-operating farmland owners who face similar challenges as you do.				
	Participating in free discussions with your peers on a regular basi to compare notes/chat with conservation professionals.	S			
	Other (Please Specify)				
Q38.	How important are the following sources of information about	ut conservation	n on your	land?	
	(Check one box in each row)		Slightly		Very
		Not Important	Important	Important	Important
	Spouse/Partner				
	Children				
	Friends/neighbors who live near the land				
	Friend/neighbors who farm				
	Farm or ranch manager				
	My farm operator/lessee				
	Ag retailers (fertilizer/chemical/seed dealers)				
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)				
Q39.	How important are the following sources of information about	ut conservation	n on your	land?	
	(Check one box in each row)	Not Important	Slightly Important	Important	Very Important
	State University Extension				
	State Department of Agriculture and Food				
	State Department of Natural Resources				
	Local County Soil & Water Conservation District (SWCD)				
	Farm Bureau				
	Conservation/Sustainable Ag groups				
	Land Trusts				
	Other (Please Specify)				
I	other tribude opening				\Box

Cover crops Cropland management Pasture and hayland management Livestock management Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till) Soll fertility improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement Most at All Somewhat Interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat Interested	Q40	What is your most trusted source of information about cons	ervation prac	tices?		
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter						
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter						
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter						
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter						
Interested Interested Interested Interested Cover crops	Q41.		nical assistar	nce in the fo	llowing area	as?
Cropland management Pasture and hayland management Livestock management Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till) Soil fertility improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement O42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat interested in					Interested	Very Interested
Pasture and hayland management Livestock management Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till) Soil fertility improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement O42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat Interested I		Cover crops				
Livestock management Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till) Soil fertility improvement Water quality improvement Not at All Somewhat Interested		Cropland management				
Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till) Soil fertility improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement C42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat Interested Intere		Pasture and hayland management				
Soil fertility improvement Water quality improvement Water quality improvement Q42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter		Livestock management				
Water quality improvement Q42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Interested Int		Conservation tillage (e.g. no-till, strip till)				
Q42. How interested are you in receiving information and/or technical assistance in the following areas? (Check one box in each row) Not at All Somewhat Interested		Soil fertility improvement				
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter		Water quality improvement				
Not at All Somewhat Interested Inter						
Interested Int	Q42.		nical assistar	nce in the fo	llowing area	as?
Negotiating farmland leases					Interested	Very Interested
Incorporating conservation provisions into leases Soil erosion control Government conservation programs Conservation easements Background Characteristics Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. 243. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Wildlife habitat improvement				
Soil erosion control		Negotiating farmland leases				
Government conservation programs		Incorporating conservation provisions into leases				
Background Characteristics Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. 243. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Soil erosion control				
Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. 243. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Government conservation programs				
Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. Q43. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Conservation easements				
Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. Q43. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years						
Please remember that all information is confidential and will be used for analysis purposes only. Q43. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years						
Q43. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Background Charact	eristics			
Q43. How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of land that you lease out? (Check one box) Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years						
Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years		Please remember that all information is confidential and	will be used t	for analysis	purposes o	nly.
Less than 3 years 3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years						
3-6 years 7-10 years More than 10 years	Q43.	How many more years do you intend to own this parcel of la	nd that you le	ease out? (C	check one box)	
7-10 years More than 10 years						
More than 10 years						
		Don't know				

Q44.	Who is likely to be the next owner of this parcel of land? (Check all that apply)
	A relative who will farm the land.
	A relative who will rent the land for agricultural production.
	An unrelated person will farm the land.
	An unrelated person will rent the land for agricultural production.
	Someone who offers the best price for the land, whether or not they are a family member or intend to use the land for agriculture.
	Place into a trust
	Other (Please Specify)
	Don't Know
Q45.	What is your age?
Q46.	What is your gender? (Check one box)
	Male
	Female
Q47.	What best describes you? (Check one box)
	Farmer
	Former Farmer
	Spouse of former farmer (I farmed with my spouse)
	Spouse of former farmer (I did not have an active role on the farm)
	Other (Please Explain)
Q48.	What is your highest level of formal education attained? (Check one box)
	Less than high school
	High school graduate (or equivalent)
	Some college, no degree
	Associate/Technical degree
	Bachelor's degree
	Graduate or professional degree
Q49.	What is your current marital status? (Check one box)
	Never married
	Married Married
	Widowed
	Divorced/separated

Q50.	What is your present employment status? (Check one box)
	Employed or self-employed on a <u>full-time</u> basis Employed or self-employed on a <u>part-time</u> basis Retired Other (Please Specify)
Q51.	What is your approximate net farm income before taxes in 2017? (Check one box)
	Less than \$25,000 \$25,001-\$75,000 \$75,001-\$125,000 \$125,001-\$175,000 \$175,001-\$225,000 More than \$225,000
Q52.	Thinking about all of the farmland that you lease out to others, what factors into its financial importance for your houseold? (Check all that apply)
	Immediate income (primary source of household income) Immediate income (not a primary source of household income) Long-term real estate investment Estate-planning tool

You have now completed the survey. Please return it in the postage-paid envelope provided.

Thank you for your time!

